5. (a) You got struck in a traffic jam due to an accident on the road. Describe the whole incident with the reference to the above mentioned situation. [10]

(b) Elaborate the difference between Experiment and Experience. [10]

6. (a) The jar contained a very large seed. Other than its size, there was nothing out of the ordinary about this seed at all. The label on the jar, however, warned, “this seed should never, never be planted”……

Develop a story with the help of the above given guidelines and give a suitable title. [10]

(b) Write a paragraph on ‘Future School’ with the help of the given points:

- What will the school be like in 50 years…?
- How will students learn…?
- What will they learn…? [10]

7. (a) The 1945 bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki “provide no precedents” for calculating the after effects of a nuclear war holocaust. Why? [10]

(b) Bring out the experimental side of the study of literature or art? [10]

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1. Answer the following questions briefly: [5*4=20]

   a) Use ‘Experiment’ and ‘Expereince’ as Noun and Verb in different sentences.

   b) Differentiate between ‘Human-Humane’ and ‘Vocation – vacation’ by making sentence.

   c) Translate the following sentences: ‘Mujhe angrezi bolne mein kathinai hoti hai.’ and ‘Everything is not so much easy as chewing food.’

   d) Correct the following sentences: ‘Dr. Chandra is only dentist in my village.’ And ‘See the blackboard’

   e) Name the author of ‘Experiment and Experience’ and ‘Mushroom of Death’.

2. (a) Use the following words both as Nouns and Verbs: [5]

   Object, Produce, Match, Call, Plant

   (b) Difference between the following pairs of words by making sentences: [5]

      Carrier-Career, Childish-Childlike, Urban-Urbane, Terrible-Terrific, House-Home

   (c) Translate the following sentences from Hindi to English: [10]

      1) Maine aaj English ka akhbar nahi padha.
      2) Kya tum kal kahin jana pasand karoge?
3) Aaj tak maine itna swadisht khana nahi khaya.
4) Arvind Kejriwal ne Delhi mein naya ghar lene se mana kar diya.
5) Desh ka naya Pradhanmantri aaj shapath lega.
6) Aaj kal ke yuva apne bado ka aadesh najarandaj karte hai.
7) Hindi hamari matrbhasha hai.
8) Humein sabhi dharmo ka sammam karna chaahiyeh.
9) Kya tumne kabhi koi kaam kiya hai?
10) Wah ek agyakari vidyarthi hai.

3. (a) Study the bar graph below and answer the following questions. [10]

![Weekly Rainfall Graph]

1. What does the scale on the left beginning with 0 and ending with 3 represent?
2. Which two days had approximately the same amount of rainfall?
3. The amount of rain that fell on Saturday is twice the amount of rain that fell on which other day?
4. What is the approximate total of rain that fell during the week shown?
5. On which day did it rain three times MORE than on Sunday?

(b) Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow it. [10]

**Corruption in Politics**

One of the main reasons of corruption in elections today is the lure of power which haunts the politicians so much that they feel no qualms of conscience in adopting any underhand method to come out successful. The Watergate Scandal in the U.S.A. is an eloquent example to testify to the fact how even the top level politicians can stoop to the lowest level in order to maintain themselves in power. Who does not remember how Adolf Hitler rode roughshod overall canons of electoral pro-priety to capture power? In India also the record of the various political parties is not clean. Corruption thrives in elections because those in the field play on the psychology of the electorate. The voters are swayed by the tall promises of the candidates to whose machinations they fall an easy prey. They are also susceptible to fall an easy prey to the adulations of the politicians due to their illiteracy. Besides, in the representative democracies today and particularly in big countries the constituencies are quite extensive obviating the possibility of corrupt practices being discovered. Anti-corruption laws are honored more in their breach than in their observance. Even the code of conduct to be observed by the parties fighting the elections becomes a dead letter in as much as it is jettisoned out of existence and thrown unscrupulously over board by the unfair politicians whose only aim is to maintain themselves in the saddle.

**Answer the following questions based on the reading passage. Don’t forget to go back to the passage whenever necessary to find or confirm your answers.**

A. Why do the politicians indulge in corruption in elections now-a-days?
B. Which example of the U.S.A. testifies to the fact that even the top level people can stoop very low in order to maintain themselves in power?
C. Why do the voters fall an easy prey to the machinations of the politicians?
D. Why do the corrupt practices indulged in elections go unnoticed?
E. What happens to the anti-corruption laws?

4(a) What is the difference between Comprehension and Analysis of Graphs. [10]

(b) Correct the following sentences: [10]

1) The news is very good to be true.
2) Bread and butter are his daily breakfast.
3) Let us know where does he live.
4) None of the two girls that the teacher punished was really at fault.
5) She has wasted all her money which her parents have saved so far.
6) My tooth is paining.
7) He says me a fool.
8) Which one of these umbrellas were yours?
9) Kindness as well as justice are to be your guide.
10) Please repeat again the question.